

Bromhexine Hydrochloride as an aid to the treatment of respiratory disease, where mucus is a complicating factor. Bromhexine Hydrochloride is a mucolytic with two main pharmacological actions. Its first effect is to stimulate an increase in the secretion of fluid by the mucus glands of the respiratory tract. Secondly it breaks down the network of acid glycoprotein fibres found in mucoid sputum, which are mainly responsible

Bromhexine Hydrochloride has been shown to increase mucociliary clearance in animals suffering from respiratory disease.

Poultry: CRD, Infectious bronchitis, Laryngoteracheitis, Infectious, Coryza, Influenza.,

Turkey: Infectious sinusitis.

for its characteristic viscosity.

Calves, lambs, kids and foals: Pneumonia, Bronchopneumonia, Rhinitis and Cough.

CONTRA INDECATION:

Hypersensitivity to Bromhexine . Animals with an impaired liver function.

SIDE-EFFECTS:

Gastrointestinal side effects, headache, vertigo (dizziness), sweating and allergic reactions may occur.

PRECAUTIONS:

Medicated drinking water should be used within 12 hours. Drug concentrations in bronchial secretions increase, When Bromhexine used with chloramphenicol, tetracycline and Aspyramaysyn

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:

Calves and foals: 3 - 6 ml / 10 kg B.W. per day, for 3 - 5 days.

Lambs and kids: 0.6 - 1 ml / 10 kg B.W. per day, for 3 - 5 days.

Poultry: 3-5ml / 1L of drinking water per day, for 3-5 days.

WITHDRAWAL PERIOD:

Calves, lambs, kids and foals:

Meat: 3 days Milk: Do not administer to animals producing milk for human consumption.

Poultry and Turkey:

Meat: 2 days Egg: Do not administer to layers hens producing eggs for human consumption.

Keep it in the original packing in a dry, dark place below 25°C

USED FOR



